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Analysis of Soft Drinks for Nutrient Contents in Abakaliki Metropolis, South East Nigeria

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ABSTRACT

The study analyzed selected soft drinks for their nutrient contents using experimental method. Six brands of soft drinks (Coca Cola, Fanta, Sprite, Pepsi, Mirinda, and 7up) were purchased from a retail shop in Abakaliki and analyzed for glucose, Ascorbic Acid and Citric Acid contents. The results indicated that Coca Cola has the highest glucose content while Pepsi contains the least glucose content. Generally, the glucose content in the analyzed soft drinks was higher than the codex standard. The ascorbic acid content of the analyzed soft drinks ranged from 30.7 mg/100g to 20.85 mg/100g in the following decreasing order: Fanta< Coca Cola<Sprite<Mirinda< 7up< Pepsi. Apart from fanta that has ascorbic acid slightly above the accepted codex standard (30 mg/100g), the rest however contains quantities that are below codex value. The citric acid contents of the analyzed soft drinks ranged from 4.6% to 4.2% in the following order: 7up < Mirinda< Pepsi< Sprite< Fanta< Coca Cola. Generally, the citric acid contents in the analyzed soft drinks were slightly below the accepted regulatory standard. Codex standard for nutritional facts of soft drinks should be strictly adhered to. Also, indiscriminate disposal of empty soft drinks plastic containers must be avoided to ensure a cleaner environment.

Keywords: Abakaliki, Contents, Drinks, Nutrient, Selected.

INTRODUCTION

Soft drinks are among beverages which are highly consumed in Nigeria and contain preservatives. These soft drinks exist in various brands. Produced and marketed by different brewery industries across the country [1], [2] some example soft drinks prevalent in Nigeria markets are Coca Cola products, 7up, Pepsi, mirinda among others. The drinks are readily consumed on daily bases especially when undergoing activities like hard work and sports [6]. According to [7], the rate of consumption of non-alcoholic beverages in Nigeria is 159.85 g/ person/ day. Moreso, with the relatively affordable prices, they are highly consumed during leisure relaxation, outings and are served the general public in celebrations such as

traditional marriages, weddings, funerals, etc [5]. The high consumption rate of soft drinks is attributed to the characteristic taste, flavour, simulating effect or their medicinal value as well as their thirst quenching potential [11], [13]. These characteristics are defined constituents present such as sugar which for responsible its sweetness. carbonated water which is water compressed with carbon dioxide to make it an ultimate thirst quencher and flavouring agents to add flavor to the drinks [12].

The constituents of soft drinks are mainly water, sugar, preservatives, colour, and fruit pulp [14]. Preservatives are the substances that increase the shelf life of foods and beverages [10]. Preservatives

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inhibit growth of spoilage microorganisms and chemical degradation of food component. Numerous chemical compounds such as benzoic acid, sulphite as sulphur dioxide, citric acid and sorbate are able to inhibit the growth of microorganisms.

The Study Area

The study area, Abakaliki is located on Latitude 06°19¹N and Longitude 08° 06¹E, covering an area of about 83square

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Materials

Soft drinks, conical flasks, burette, pipette, reagents, pen and paper.

Sample Collection

Soft Drinks of different brands (Coca Cola, Fanta, Sprite, Pepsi, Mirinda, and 7up) were purchased from retail shops and used for the analysis. For Coca cola bottling company, Coke, Fanta and Sprite were used. For 7-Up bottling company, 7-Up, Pepsi and Mirinda were used respectively. Analysis was carried out immediately after the samples were received at the Federal University Ndufu-Alike Ikwo (FUNAI), Chemistry Laboratory.

Table 1 shows the result of the glucose content in the six (6) analyzed soft drinks. Coca cola coke has the highest glucose content of 32.33 mg/l00g while Pepsi

kilometers. It is the Capital City of Ebonyi State, South Eastern Nigeria. Abakaliki belongs to the tropical rain forest zone of Nigeria which is characterized by a rainy season spell, running from April to October and a dry season period, from November to March. Average annual rainfall is between 1500-1650mm. Dry Season temperature ranges from 20°c to 38°c while rainy season temperature range is from 16°c to 28°c [8].

Laboratory Procedure

All laboratory procedure was carried out using the method described by Association of Official Analytical Chemists (2012).

Data Analysis

The data was subjected to analysis of variance (ANOVA) using SPSS. Significant means were tested using Fishers Least Significant Difference (F L S D). Other likely statistical variations were detected with Standard Deviation (SD) and Coefficient of variation (CV) by Steel and Torrie (1982).

contains the least glucose content (26.30 mg/100g). The mean value for the sampled soft drinks was 30.05 mg/l00g while the standard deviation was 0.55.

Table 1: Glucose Contents in Selected Soft Drinks

Soft drinks	Sprite <u>+</u> SD	Fanta <u>+</u> SD	Coke <u>+</u> SD	7up <u>+</u> SD	Pepsi <u>+</u> SD	Mirinda <u>+</u> SD	

Glucose content

(Mg/100g) 32.30 ± 0.55 32.32 ± 0.55 32.33 ± 0.55 29.28 ± 0.55 26.30 ± 0.55 27.58 ± 0.55

Mean	30.01			
CV (%)	1.83			
Codex Standard	25.0			

The result as presented in Table 2 shows the ascorbic acid content of the soft drinks. The mean value of ascorbic acid was 25.09 mg/l00g with a standard

Deviation of 1.24. The ascorbic acid content of the six (6) analysed soft drinks ranged from 30.07 mg/l00g to 20.85 mg/l00g.

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Table 2: Ascorbic Acid Contents in Selected Soft Drinks

	Table 2. A	SCOIDIC ACIC	i Contents ii	i selecteu st	JI DIIIKS	
Soft drinks	Sprite <u>+</u> SD	Fanta <u>+</u> SD	Coke <u>+</u> SD	7up <u>+</u> SD	Pepsi <u>+</u> SD	Mirinda <u>+</u> SD
Ascorbic Acid Content (Mg/100g)	25.85 <u>+</u> 1.2	30.07 <u>+</u> 1.2	25.92 <u>+</u> 1.2	22.74 <u>+</u> 1.2	20.85 <u>+</u> 1.	2 25.08 <u>+</u> 1.2
Mean	25.09					
CV (%)	4.78					
Codex Standard	30.0					

The result in Table 3 shows the mean value of citric acid in the analysed soft drinks was 4.43% and the standard deviation was 0.65. The citric acid

contents of the individual soft drinks ranges from 4.6% to 4.2% in the increasing order of 7up < Mirinda < Pepsi < Sprite < Fanta < Coca-Cola.

Table 3: Citric Acid Contents in some Selected Soft Drinks

Table 5. Citile A	ACIU COIITEIITS	III SUITIE SEIEC	teu soit Dill	INS		
Soft drinks	Sprite <u>+</u> SD	Fanta <u>+</u> SD	Coke <u>+</u> SD	7up <u>+</u> SD	Pepsi <u>+</u> SD	Mirinda <u>+</u> SD
Citric Acid Content (Mg/100g)	4.5 <u>+</u> 0.7	4.6 <u>+</u> 0.7	4.6 <u>+</u> 0.7	4.2 <u>+</u> 0.7	4.4 <u>+</u> 0.7	4.3 <u>+</u> 0.7
Mean	4.4					
CV (%)	15.91					
Codex Standard	10.0					

DISCUSSION

The result indicated that the analysed soft drinks contain sugar in the form of glucose, with coca cola having the highest value. The glucose contents obviously higher than the acceptable codex standard of 25 mg/l00g. In general, the soft drinks contained high quantity of glucose which contributes to the sweet taste associated with these soft drinks. Apart from its unavoidable roles and contributions [5], sugars have been linked to tooth decay, over weight and obesity, diabetes, and heart disease [7]. Apart from Fanta that has ascorbic acid slightly above the accepted codex standard (30 mg/l00g), the other soft drinks however contain quantities that are below the Codex standard value. Hence, low nutritional value. Comparing the citric acid contents in the sampled soft drinks, it was observed that the values were below codex acceptable. The values therefore suggest that the analysed soft drinks contain citric acid in a quantity that is slightly below the approved standard and this can affect the shelf life of the products.

CONCLUSION

The sugar contents of all the analysed soft drinks were above Codex acceptable value. Ascorbic acid which is a nutritional

factor in the soft drinks was below Codex standard, except Fanta that met the standard. Citric acid values were also www.idosr.org Agwu *et al*

below Codex standard. The nutritional values and citric acid content of the soft

drinks should be enhanced to meet stipulated standards.

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